# Dossier of the Project "Natural Resource Management and livelihood program for 20 Rim Area Villages of Jakhnidhar and Pratapnagar Blocks in Tehri Garhwal, Uttarakhand"

SI. No.	Description	Details	Remarks if any
1	2	3	4
1	Name of the project	Natural Resource Management and livelihood program for 20 Rim Area Villages of Jakhnidhar and Pratapnagar Blocks in Tehri Garhwal, Uttarakhand	Term
2	Project Code	045/2009-10/HNB/Tehri/(23.19)	
3	Name of the implementing Unit and Unit	CSR Unit, Tehri (T)	
4	Name of implementing agency	Deptt. of Geography, HNB Garhwal University, Srinagar Garhwal	
5	Project Cost for 1 <sup>st</sup> Phase for the year 2009-2010	Rs.23,19,000 (Twenty Three Lac and Nineteen Thousand Only)	
6.	Date of Start	30/05/2009	
7	Date of Completion	31/08/2010	
8	Location/area of operation of the Project	20 villages of Pratapnagar and Jakhnidhar block, Tehri.	
9	Activity covered in the project and activity code	Income Generation (IG)	
10	Targeted Group	Tehri Dam Affected People	
11	Number of people benefited from the project	Villagers of 20 villages in Pratapnagar and Jakhnidhar block	
12	Quantification of benefit accrued from the project, as derived from the Impact Assessment Report/evaluation report by independent agency. If any	The project is evaluated by National CSR Hub, TISS	
13	Documentary proof like Photo/video/news items etc. If any	As detailed below.	

#### Project at a Glance:

The project named "Natural Resource Management and livelihood program for Rim Area Villages (20 villages of Jakhnidhar & Pratapnagar Block) in Tehri Garhwal, Uttarakhand" was initiated to create sustainable livelihood for the villagers of the Rim area of Tehri Dam Reservoir under the THDCIL CSR initiatives. The project was initiated in May 2009 through HNB Central University and is a long term project. First phase of the project was started in May, 2014 as detailed above.

- This is a long term project being implemented in 20 villages of Rim area of Tehri Dam.
- All scientific studies are conducted and then put to carry out livelihood programme for peoples of the area.
- Local people are mobilized to adopt scientific agricultural practices for income generation.
- All programmes are discussed with villagers and implemented in consultation with villagers and local representatives.
- Local people participated in implementation of the project activities and getting livelihood opportunity.
- The program is initiated after need assessment and survey of the proposed area.

#### Aims and Objective of the Project:

- 1. Creation of sustainable livelihood for the villagers of Rim Area of Tehri Dam reservoir as per THDC CSR initiative.
- 2. Promotion of sustainable livelihood through up gradation of Natural Resources and implementing income generation activities in the area.
- 3. To reduce drudgery and stress among women through management and regeneration of natural resources.
- 4. Natural resource management through Water Management, Forest Development, Wasteland Management, Water Harvesting, Fodder Development.
- 5. To organize capacity building program at village level.

#### Proposed activities undertaken through this Project:

- 1. Promotion of agriculture and vegetation cultivation among small and marginal farmers by forming 20 Self Help Groups.
- 2. Income generation program for the 20 MMDs.
- 3. Chicken rearing for extremely poor families.
- 4. Vermi-compost to promote organic farming.
- 5. Promotion of fodder plantation.
- 6. Organic vegetable cultivation.
- 7. Management & conservation of water structure & construction of rain water harvesting tanks.
- 8. Awareness program and monthly meeting with farmers.
- 9. Improvement of health facilities by providing first aid boxes.
- 10. Village exposure visit.
- 11. Sharing and learning workshop of the project.
- 12. Education program through opening of libraries.

#### Benefits from the project:

# 1. Promotion of agriculture and vegetation cultivation among small and marginal farmers by forming 20 Self Help Groups

20 SHGs have been formed in 20 Rim Area villages and ₹ 10,000 is deposited to each SHG bank A/c as a revolving fund through HNB for agriculture and livelihood activities like Poultry farming, Agriculture vegetable cultivation etc. Farmers are now doing agriculture activities in a technical way which helped them in more productivity. The details of SHGs are as below:

S. No.	Name of Village	Name of Farmers SHGs	Name of President
1.	Kathuli Gaon	Farmers SHGs Kathuli	Smt. Meena Devi
2.	Jalwal Gaon-Malla	Farmers SHGs Jalwal Gaon- Malla	Smt. Urmila Devi
3.	Jalwal Gaon-Talla	Farmers SHGs Jalwal Gaon- Talla	Smt. Manju Devi
4.	Kangsali Gaon	Farmers SHGs Kangsali	Smt. Rajni Chauhan
5.	Rodiya Gaon	Farmers SHGs Rodiya Gaon	Smt. Savitri Devi
6.	Padiya Gaon	Farmers SHGs Padiya Gaon	Smt. Saunla Devi
7.	Baseli Gaon	Farmers SHGs Baseli Gaon	Smt. Vinita Devi
8.	Gwad Gaon	Farmers SHGs Gwad Gaon	Smt. Sapna Devi
9.	Chaudhar Gaon	Farmers SHGs Chaudhar Gaon	Smt. Meena Devi
10.	Motna Gaon	Farmers SHGs Motna Gaon	Shri Dhoom Singh
11.	Kauldhar	Farmers SHGs Kauldhar	Smt.Baishakhi devi
12.	Chanthi	Farmers SHGs Chanti	Smt. Sarita Devi
13.	Nakot	Farmers SHGs Nakot	Smt. Pingla Devi
14.	Pathiyana	Farmers SHGs Pathiyana	Smt. Asmita Devi
15.	Sandhna	Farmers SHGs Sandhna	Smt. Sarojini Devi
16.	Okhla	Farmers SHGs Okhla	Smt. Pramila Devi
17.	Badil	Farmers SHGs Badil	Smt. Laxmi Devi
18.	Khola	Farmers SHGs Khola	Smt. Usha Devi
19.	Sem Ghandiyalki	Farmers SHGs Ghandiyalki	Smt. Savitri Devi
20.	Rolakot	Farmers SHGs Rolakot	Smt. Manju Devi





# 2. Income generation program for the 20 MMDs.

20 MMDs have been formed in 20 Rim Area villages and Rs. 4000/- was given to each MMD for their strengthening and motivation to work related to income generation and livelihood activities the details of the MMDs is given below:

S. No.	Name of Village	Name of MMDs	Name of President
1.	Kathuli Gaon	MMD Kathuli	Smt. Kanta Devi
2.	Jalwal Gaon-Malla	MMD Jalwal Gaon-Malla	Smt. Sama Devi
3.	Jalwal Gaon-Talla	MMD Jalwal Gaon-Talla	Smt. Jaisuri Devi
4.	Kangsali Gaon	MMD Kangsali	Smt. Rajni Chauhan
5.	Rodiya Gaon	MMD Rodiya Gaon	Smt. Savitri Devi
6.	Padiya Gaon	MMD Padiya Gaon	Smt. Madhu Devi
7.	Baseli Gaon	MMD Baseli Gaon	Smt. Hemvati Devi
8.	Gwad Gaon	MMD Gwad Gaon	Smt. Sunita Devi
9.	Chaudhar Gaon	MMD Chaudhar Gaon	Smt. Meena Devi
10.	Motna Gaon	MMD Motna Gaon	Smt. Saula Devi
11.	Kauldhar	MMD Kauldhar	Smt.Beena devi
12.	Chanti	MMD Chanti	Smt. Vashu Devi
13.	Nakot	MMD Nakot	Smt. Pingla Devi
14.	Pathiyana	MMD Pathiyana	Smt. Kamla Devi
15.	Sandhna	MMD Sandhna	Smt. Moni Devi
16.	Okhla	MMD Okhla	Smt. Rukma Devi
17.	Badil	MMD Badil	Smt. Amita Devi
18.	Khola	MMD Khola	Smt. Pinki Devi
19.	Sem Ghandiyalki	MMD Ghandiyalki	Smt. Sushila Devi
20.	Rolakot	MMD Rolakot	Smt. Rajni Devi









#### 3. Chicken rearing for extremely poor families.

In 20 villages, chicken rearing program was organized by giving chicken babies to the poor families for their livelihood. People were benefited and appreciated the activity.





#### 4. Vermi-compost to promote organic farming.

Farmer SHGs were strengthen by giving technical farming knowledge such as production of vermi-compost, technical now how of agriculture, soil testing etc. After using of vermi-compost in the fields it was found that quality of crops, pulses etc. have improved.









#### 5. Promotion of fodder plantation.

Fodder plants were planted in Barren land of 20 rim area villages through SHGs, which resulted in reduction of drudgery of women farmers. Napier Grass slips were given to all FSHGs members for plantation in their fields.







## 6. Organic vegetable cultivation.

High breed vegetables seeds were provided to all members of SHGs and advised them for use of vermi-compost in their fields. It was found that a good quantity and quality vegetables is produced through this activity. Income was also increased from this initiation.







# 7. Management & conservation of water & construction of rain water harvesting tanks.

Through this project SHGs/ MMDs were provided with the knowledge of management and conservation of water. 100 Rain water harvesting tank were constructed in all selected 20 rim area villages. Due to this there is reduction of drudgery among women farmers. After storing the rain water in these tanks villagers utilize it for drinking, for their pets, washing of clothes and irrigation of land etc.







#### 8. Awareness program and monthly meetings with farmers.

Members of all SHGs and MMDs were included to organize monthly meetings in a common place to share their learning, knowledge etc. The following awareness programs were organized during the period.

- I. Information about various Govt. schemes for village development.
- II. Information and awareness about RTI etc.
- III. To inform about forest management i.e. forest conservation, protection of medicinal plant etc.
- IV. Water conservation
- V. Health camps, awareness about AIDS and other Harmful diseases.







### 9. Village exposure visit.

SHGs/ MMDs have been formed in all the 20 villages and they were encouraged to share their knowhow & learning's in these exposure visits.





## 10. Sharing and learning workshop of the project.

During implementation of the project, monthly meetings were organized among the SHGs /MMDs to share their knowledge and learning's from the project. SHGs shared their knowledge on income generation activities also. It was also discussed that how these activities can be improved further and are implemented in a better way.







